महाराद् माभयोक्तिकी खेवा (विद्युत) मुख्य परीक्षा २०२९ परीक्षा १दे, 20 आक्रोबर, 2022

वेळ : 2 (दोन) तास

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प्रश्नपुस्तिका - II विद्युत अभियांत्रिकी पेपर - 2 BOOKLET NO.

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सूचना

सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेत 100 अनिवार्य प्रश्न आहेत. उमेदवारांनी प्रश्नांची उत्तरे लिहिण्यास सुरुवात करण्यापूर्वी या प्रश्नपुस्तिकेत सर्व प्रश्न आहेत किंवा नाहीत याची खात्री करून घ्यावी. तसेच अन्य काही दोष आढळल्यास ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका समवेक्षकाँकडून लगेच बदलून घ्यावी.

आपला परीक्षा-क्रमांक ह्या चौकोनांत न विसरता बॉलपेनने लिहावा.

परीक्षा-क्रमांक शेवटचा अंक केंद्राची संकेताक्षरे

वर छापलेला प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक तुमच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवर विशिष्ट जागी उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील सूचनेप्रमाणे न विसरता नमूद करावा.

वर छापलेला प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक तुमच्या उत्तरपात्रकवर ।पाराष्ट्र आगा उत्तरपात्रकवर हरू हरू । ... या प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील प्रत्येक प्रश्नाला 4 पर्यायी उत्तरे सुचिवली असून त्यांना 1, 2, 3 आणि 4 असे क्रमांक दिलेले आहेत. त्या क्रिया प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील प्रत्येक प्रश्नाला 4 पर्यायी उत्तरे सुचिवली असून त्यांना 1, 2, 3 आणि 4 असे क्रमांक दिलेले आहेत. त्या क्रिया प्रश्नपुस्तिकेता उपात क्रावा अशा प्रकारे चार उत्तरांपैकी सर्वात योग्य उत्तराचा क्रमांक उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील सूचनेप्रमाणे तुमच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवर नमूद करावा. अशा प्रकारे उत्तरपत्रिकेवर उत्तर-क्रमांक नमूद करताना तो संबंधित प्रश्न-क्रमांकासमोर छायांकित करून दर्शविला जाईल याची काळजी घ्यावी. ह्याकरिता फक्त काळ्या शाईचे बॉलपेन वापरावे, पेन्सिल वा शाईचे पेन वापरू नये.

सर्व प्रश्नांना समान गुण आहेत. यास्तव सर्व प्रश्नांची उत्तरे द्यावीत. घाईमुळे चुका होणार नाहीत याची दक्षता घेऊनच शक्य तितक्या वेगाने प्रश्न सोडवावेत. क्रमाने प्रश्न सोडविणे श्रेयस्कर आहे पण एखादा प्रश्न कठीण वाटल्यास त्यावर वेळ न धालविता पुढील प्रश्नांकडे वळावे. अशा प्रकारे शेवटच्या प्रश्नापर्यंत पोहोचल्यानंतर वेळ शिल्लक राहिल्यास कठीण म्हणून वगळलेल्या प्रश्नांकडे परतणे सोईस्कर ठरेल.

उत्तरपत्रिकेत एकदा नमूद केलेले उत्तर खोडता येणार नाही. नमूद केलेले उत्तर खोडून नव्याने उत्तर दिल्यास ते तपासले जाणार नाही. एकापेक्षा जास्त उत्तरे नमूद केल्यास ते उत्तर चुकीचे धरले जाईल व त्या चुकीच्या उत्तराचे गुण वजा केले जातील.

प्रस्तुत परीक्षेच्या उत्तरपत्रिकांचे मूल्यांकन करताना उमेदवाराच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेतील योग्य उत्तरांनाच गुण दिले जातील. तसेच ''उमेदवाराने वस्तुनिष्ठ बहुपर्यायी स्वरूपाच्या प्रश्नांची दिलेल्या चार उत्तरांपैकी सर्वात योग्य उत्तरेच उत्तरपत्रिकेत नमूद करावीत. अन्यथा त्यांच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेत सोडविलेल्या प्रत्येक चुकीच्या उत्तरांसाठी 25% किंवा 1/4 गुण वजा/कमी करण्यात येतील''.

ताकीट

ह्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी आयोगाने विहित केलेली वेळ संपेपर्यंत ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका आयोगाची मालमत्ता असून ती परीक्षाकक्षात उमेदवाराला परीक्षेसाठी वापरण्यास देण्यात येत आहे. ही वेळ संपेपर्यंत सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेची प्रत/प्रती, किंवा सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील काही आशय कोणत्याही स्वरूपात प्रत्यक्ष वा अप्रत्यक्षपणे कोणत्याही व्यक्तीस पुरविणे, तसेच प्रसिद्ध करणे हा गुन्हा असून अशी कृती करणाऱ्या व्यक्तीवर शासनाने जारी केलेल्या ''परीक्षांमध्ये होणाऱ्या गैरप्रकारांना प्रतिबंध करण्याबाबतचा अधिनियम-82'' यातील तरतुदीनुसार तसेच प्रचलित कायद्याच्या तरतुदीनुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती कमाल एक वर्षांच्या कारावासाच्या आणि/किंवा रुपये एक हजार स्कमेच्या दंडाच्या शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.

तसेच ह्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी विहित केलेली वेळ संपण्याआधी ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका अनधिकृतपणे बाळगणे हा सुद्धा गुन्हा असून तसे करणारी व्यक्ती आयोगाच्या कर्मचारीवृंदापैकी, तसेच परीक्षेच्या पर्यवेक्षकीयवृंदापैकी असली तरीही अशा व्यक्तीविरुद्ध उक्त अधिनियमानुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.

पुढील सूचना प्रश्नपुरितकेच्या अंतिम पृष्ठावर

<u>इ</u> इध् 100 सूचनेविना पर्यवेक्षकांच्या

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



1	. Wi	Which protection would you recommend for a small $100\mathrm{KVA},11\mathrm{KV/440V}$ distribution transformer ?								
	(1)	1) Over-current protection by fuses								
	(2)									
	(3)									
	(4)	4) Distance protection								
2.	1	n over current relay having current setting of 125% and TSM of 0.6 is cor apply circuit through CT of 400/5. If the fault current in the system is 4 see PSM of relay is	nnected to 000 Amp,							
	(1)									
3.	(1) (2) (3) (4)	80% of the first line, 50% of the second line and 20% of the third line 80% of the first line, 50% of the second line and 20% of the third line 50% of the first line, 50% of the second line and 10% of the third line 50% of the first line, 50% of the second line and 20% of the third line	e							
4.		e transmission line distance protection relay having the property derently directional is	of being							
	` •	Reactance relay (2) Impedance relay								
	(0)	Ohm relay (4) Mho relay								
	(1) (2) (3) (4) p	algebraic difference between two currents algebraic difference between two voltages algebraic difference between two or more similar electrical quantities phasor difference between two or more similar electrical quantities								
च्च्या व	गमास	साठी जागा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK	P.T.O.							



- Incipient faults in transformer can be detected by
 - Differential relay
 - IDMT relay **(2)**
 - Buchholz relay (3)
 - Distance relay **(4)**
- Which expression correctly represents the IDMT relay characteristics?

$$(1) \quad \frac{\left(TMS\right)\left(0.14\right)}{\left(PSM^{1.02}-1\right)}$$

(2)
$$\frac{(TMS)(1.4)}{(PSM^{0.02}-1)}$$

(3)
$$\frac{(TMS)(0.14)}{(PSM^{0.02}-1)}$$

(4)
$$\frac{(TMS)(14)}{(PSM^{2.0}-1)}$$

- In a Merz price differential protection of $\Delta-\lambda$ transformer, the CT secondaries should be in form of
 - (1) $\Delta \lambda$

(2) $\lambda - \Delta$

(3) $\Delta - \Delta$

- (4) $\lambda \lambda$
- To protect alternator against unbalanced loading _____ relay is used.
 - Over voltage **(1)**
 - Negative sequence current filter with over current relay
 - Differential relay
 - Earth fault relay **(4)**
- In a R-X plane, the characteristics of impedance relay is represented by a 10.
 - hyperbola **(1)**
 - parabola (2)
 - circle with centre at the origin
 - straight line passing through origin



	FT31				
11.	Th	e illumination at a surfac	e due to a sourc	e of light r	olaced at a distance 'd' fron
	011	buriace varies as			and a distance d from
	(1)		(2)	1/d	
	(3)	d	(4)	d^2	
12.	Illı etc	umination level required for . is around lux.	high precision w	ork like m	achining, grinding, polishing
	(1)	50 - 100			
	(2)	100 - 200			
	(3)	200 - 400			
	(4)	1000 – 2000			
13.		are particularly sui	table in fog as t	heir light o	can penetrate the for
	bet	ter.	J		our penetrate the tog
	(1)	Mercury vapour lamps			
	(2)	Sodium vapour lamps			
	(3)	Metal halid lamps			
	(4)	Glow lamps			
14.		is the unit of solid an	gle.		
	(1)	Radian			
	(2)	Steradian			
	(3)	Degrees			
	(4)	None of the above			
15.	1 lux	s is equal to		-	
((1)	0.1 lumen/sq. meter			
(1 lumen/sq. meter			
((3)	1 lumen/sq. cm.			
((4)	1 lumen/sq. mm.			
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	经长	
16.	The Unit of luminous flux is	
	(1) Weber	(2) Ampere
	(3) Coulomb	(4) Lumens
17.	The function of capacitor across th	he supply to the fluorescent tube is primarily to
	(1) Stabilize the arc	
	(2) Reduce the starting current	
	(3) Improve the supply power fa	etor
	(4) Reduce the noise	
18.	Ignitor is used in which of the following	lowing lamps ?
	(1) Filament lamps	
	(2) Fluorescent lamps	
	(3) Sodium vapour lamps	
	(4) None of the above	
	The flicker effect of fluorescent la	amps is more pronounced at
19.		amps is more pro-
	(1) Lower frequencies	
	(2) Higher frequencies	
	(3) Lower voltages	
	(4) Higher voltages	
	. The vacuum inside an incandeso	cent lamp is of the order of
40	0 77	(2) 10 ⁻⁴ mm Hg.
		(4) 10 ⁻⁸ mm Hg.
	(3) 10 ⁻⁶ mm Hg.	



- 21. In capacitor start capacitor run motors the function of the running capacitor in series with the auxiliary winding is to
 - (1) Improve power factor
 - (2) Increase over load capacity
 - (3) Reduce fluctuations in torque
 - (4) Improve starting torque
- 22. In a split phase induction motor
 - (1) Starting winding is connected through centrifugal switch
 - (2) Running winding is connected through centrifugal switch
 - (3) Both windings are connected through centrifugal switch
 - (4) Centrifugal switch is used to control supply voltage
- 23. In centrifugal pumps maximum efficiency is obtained when plates are
 - (1) Straight
 - (2) Bent forward
 - (3) Bent backward
 - (4) Radial
- 24. Net Positive Suction Head Required (NPSHR) by pump is proportional to
 - (1) Speed
 - (2) Square of speed
 - (3) Cube of speed
 - (4) Inversely proportional to speed
- 25. To operate an oversized compressor at unloading mode for long period, the derating of compressor at lower capacity is obtained by
 - (1) Reducing RPM
 - (2) Suitable changing pulley size
 - (3) (1) and (2) both
 - (4) None of the above

26.	In a p	pump, total head is 47 meter, volum	e flov ty is	w rate is $0.019 \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$, density of fluid 9.8 m/s^2 . The pump efficiency is 60%				
	then	shaft power will be						
		15 kW	(2)	20 kW				
	(-/	14.5 kW	(4)	15.5 kW				
27.	Head	l of centrifugal pump is, w	here	N is speed.				
	(1)	Directly proportional to N						
	(2)	Inversely proportional to N						
		Directly proportional to N ²						
	(4)	Inversely proportional to N ²						
28.	Aneı	mometer is used to measure						
	(1)	Fan flow						
	(2)	Discharge in pumps						
	(3)	Pump head						
	(4)	None of the above						
 29.	Specific power requirement in compressor is defined as							
	(1)	The ratio of power consumption in	kW	to the volume delivered				
	(2)	Ratio of output power to volume delivered						
	(3)	Ratio of volume delivered to power	con	sumption				
	(4)	None of the above						
30.	Die	sel engine as prime mover has		- 1°				
	(1)	High initial cost	(2)					
	(3)	Good torque	(4)	All of the above				
31.	Wh	ich of the following properties of a r	efrig	gerant is undesirable ?				
	(1)	High critical temperature						
		High critical temperature Low specific heat of liquid						
	(1)	Low specific heat of liquid						



32	. W	hich is undesirable property in t	he selectio	on of proper therm	al insulating material
	of	a refrigeration system?			and and an
	(1)	Low thermal conductivity			
	(2)	High moisture absorption ca	pacity		
	(3)	Impervious to water vapour			
	(4)	Resistance to fire			
33.	Att hou	ic fan capacity should be such ir.	that, it sh	ould provide	air changes per
	(1)	30	(2)	100	
	(3)	10	(4)	50 to 60	
34.	In a	a refrigeration cycle, the flow o	f refrigera	nt is controlled by	7
	(1)	Compressor		-	
	(2)	Expansion valve			
	(3)	Condenser			
	(4)	Evaporator			
35.	Foll	lowing class of refrigerant is use	ed to cool b	y absorption or ex	traction of heat from
	sub	stance to be refrigerated			
	(1)	Class 2	(2)	Class 3	
	(3)	Class 1	(4)	Class 4	
36.	Whi	ch of the following property is	not desira	ble for Ideal Refri	gerant ?
	(1)	Critical pressure should be as			
	(2)	Specific heat of liquid should l			
	(3)	Lower enthalpy of evaporation		•==	
	(4)	Lower freezing point			
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(1) Copper (2) Stainless steel (3) Cupronickel (4) All of the above 38. A one tonne refrigerating machine means that (1) The total weight of the machine is one tonne	
38. A one tonne refrigerating machine means that (1) The total weight of the machine is one tonne	
(1) The total weight of the machine is one tonne	
• •	
(2) The quantity of the refrigerant used is one tonne	
(3) One tonne of water can be converted into ice	
(4) One tonne of ice when melts at 0°C in 24 hours, the refrigerating	
effect is equivalent to 14,000 kJ per hour	
39. Which of the following refrigerant is highly toxic and flammable?	
(1) Carbon dioxide	
(2) Sulphur dioxide	
(3) Ammonia	
(4) R-12	
40. The C.O.P. of practical vapour compression system is as compared t	o that
for vapour absorption system.	
(1) More (2) Less	
(3) Equal (4) None of the above	
41. Location of distribution substation depends on several technical factors such	as
(1) Voltage levels (2) Voltage regulation consideration	on
(3) Both (1) and (2) (4) None of these	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>



42	. Pr	incipal technical parameters of elevators are
	(1)	
	(2)	
	(3)	
	(4)	
43	. To	limit the line charging current, long distance EHV lines are connected with at both ends.
	(1)	Line reactors
	(2)	Line capacitors
	(3)	Line resistors
	(4)	None of these
44.	inst	are used only for connecting and disconnecting parts of electrical tallations after de-energizing them.
	(1)	Circuit breakers
	(2)	Isolators
	(3)	Both (1) and (2)
	(4)	None of these
45.		is a natural extension of substation control system.
	(1)	Cyber security
	(2)	Data security
	(3)	Human safety
	(4)	None of these
46.	and	are located in the intermediate points between the generating stations load centres.
	(1)	Generating substations
	(2)	Grid substations
	(3)	Secondary substations
	(4)	Distribution substations
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47.				
	signii	icantly?		prove power transferability
	(1)	Shunt capacitor	(2)	Shunt reactor
	(3)	Series capacitor	(4)	All of these
48.	With	the help of	_, the incoming a	and/or outgoing lines are connected to
	any b	ousbar through isolato	r and circuit brea	ker.
	(1)	Busbar		
	(2)	Bus coupler		
	(3)	Both (1) and (2)		
	(4)	None of these		
49.		equipment cost of gas	insulated substa	tion is naturally that of air
	(1)	Higher than	(2)	Lower than
	(3)	Same as	(4)	Can't say
 50.	Whi	ch set of rules are to b	e verified on com	pletion of wiring on any new
		allation ?		
	(1)	IE rules, 1950	(2)	
	(3)	IE rules, 1960	(4)	None of these
51.	Inst	ulation coordination fo	or UHV lines (abo	ve 500 kV) is done based on
	(1)	Lightning surges		
	(2)	Lightning surges an	d switching surge	s
	(3)	Switching surges		
	(4)	None of the above		



- 52. The selection of surge arrester voltage rating for EHV system depends on
 - (1) The rate of rise of voltage
 - (2) The type of system to be handled
 - (3) Operating characteristic of the arrester
 - (4) All of the above
- 53. The switching over voltages in power system networks are of the order of
 - (1) 1.5 p.u.
 - (2) 2.5 to 3.3 p.u.
 - (3) 10 p.u.
 - (4) 20 p.u.
- 54. The ground wire shields the transmission line conductor from induced charges, from clouds as well as from
 - (1) Lightning discharge
 - (2) Switching discharge
 - (3) Both of the above
 - (4) None of the above
- 55. The main objective of compensation of the transmission system are
 - (1) To provide flat voltage profile at all level of power transmission
 - (2) To improve the stability of the system
 - (3) To meet the economical way for reactive power requirement of the system
 - (4) All of the above

56. In 12 pulse valve group operation the most troublesome harmonics on AC side are

(1) 24th and 25th

(2) 3^{rd} and 5^{th}

(3) 11th and 13th

(4) None of the above

57. In HVDC converter station equipment using thyristors, it is necessary to use a large number of thyristors in series because

- (1) Voltage ratings of thyristors are low
- (2) Current ratings of thyristors are low
- (3) Thyristors always fail to an internal open circuit
- (4) None of the above

58. Match List – I (Insulator type) with List – II (Purpose or configuration) and select the correct answer using the codes given below this list.

List - I

(Insulator type)

- A. Pin type
- B. Suspension type
- C. Strain type
- D. Shackle type

A B C D

- (1) 4 2 3 1
- (2) 1 3 2 4
- (3) 4 3 2 1
- (4) 1 2 3 4

List - II

(Purpose or configuration)

- 1. Low voltage distribution lines
- 2. String of insulator in horizontal position
- 3. String of insulator in vertical position
- 4. For voltage upto 33 kV



 $\textbf{59.} \quad \text{Match List-I (Equipment) with List-II (Applications) and select the correct answer using codes given below the list. }$

List - I

(Equipment)

- A. Metal oxide arrester
- B. Isolator
- C. Auto-reclosing CB
- D. Differential Relay
 - A B C D
 - 4

(1)

- 3
- $\mathbf{2}$

1

1

4

1

2

2

1

- (2) 3
 - -
- (3) 4 3
- **(4)** 2
- 3

List - II

(Applications)

- 1. Protects generator against SC fault
- 2. Improves transient stability
- 3. Allow CB maintenance
- 4. Protection against surges

- 60. In case of HVDC system there is
 - (1) Charging current but no skin effect
 - (2) No charging current but skin effect
 - (3) Neither charging current nor skin effect
 - (4) Both charging current and skin effect
- 61. Making current of a CB is equal to
 - (1) 1.55 times symmetrical breaking current
 - (2) 2.55 times symmetrical breaking current
 - (3) 3.55 times symmetrical breaking current
 - (4) 5 times symmetrical breaking current

62.	The	maximum Rate of Rise of Restrik	ing Vol	tage (RRRV) is given by
02.		$eV_{max} =$		
		$E_{m} \sqrt{LC}$	(2)	$\mathbf{E_m} \sqrt{\mathbf{L_C}}$ $\mathbf{E_m}$
	(3)	$\frac{\mathrm{E_{m}}}{\sqrt{\mathrm{LC}}}$	(4)	E _m
63.	Air	break circuit breaker is suitable fo	or	
	(1)	High current interruption at low	voltag	e
	(2)	Low current interruption at low	voltage	
	(3)	High current interruption at high	h volta	ge
	(4)	Low current interruption at high		
64.	The	least expensive protection for low	voltag	ge system is
	(1)	isolator	(2)	oil circuit breaker
	(3)	fuse	(4)	air circuit breaker
65.	In I	IVDC switching system the artific	cial cur	rent zero is produced by switching
	in a	L		
	(1)	LC circuit in parallel with main		
	(2)	RC circuit in parallel with main	circuit	breaker
	(3)	LC circuit in series with main ci		
	(4)	R-L circuit in parallel with main	circui	t breaker
66.		gh resistance interruption princaker.	ciple is	s used in case of circuit
	(1)	High voltage A.C.		
	(2)	Low voltage A.C. and medium v	oltage	A.C.

(3) D.C.

(4) Both (2) and (3)

67. Which of the following sequence of operation is correct for operation of CB, isolator and earthing switch while opening a circuit?

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- (1) Open CB Open isolator Close earthing switch
- (2) Open isolator Open CB Close earthing switch
- (3) Open CB Close earthing switch Open isolator
- (4) Open isolator Open CB Open earthing switch
- 68. In energy balance theory, Cassie's energy equation is

(1)
$$\frac{dQ}{dt} = \frac{E}{I} - N$$

(2)
$$\frac{dQ}{dt} = EI - N$$

(3)
$$\frac{dQ}{dt} = EI + N$$

(4)
$$\frac{dQ}{dt} = EIN$$

- 69. If the inductance and capacitance of a power system are respectively 1 H and $0.01\,\mu\text{F}$ and the instantaneous value of interrupted current is 10 A, then the voltage across the breaker contact will be
 - (1) 50 kV

(2) 57 kV

(3) 60 kV

- (4) 100 kV
- 70. The protection against direct lightning strokes and high voltage steep waves is provided by
 - (1) ground wires
 - (2) lightning arrester
 - (3) both (1) and (2)
 - (4) earthing neutral
- 71. The insulation resistance of the cable decreases with
 - (1) Electric stress
 - (2) The increase in length of the insulation of the cable
 - (3) The decrease in length of the insulation of the cable
 - (4) None of these

,10	Service										
72.	-										
	betv	between them to avoid interference should be									
	(1)	2-5 cm	(2)	10-12 cm							
	(3)	40 - 60 cm	(4)	100 – 120 cm							
73.	Dur	ing the maintenance of EHV equip	oment, i	t should be first isolated and connected							
	to g	round in order to									
	(1)	Provide low impedance									
	(2)	Protect the operating personnel									
	(3)	Discharge the charging capacita	ince to g	round							
	(4)	Both (2) and (3)									
74.	Inι	underground cables the electrosta	tic stre	ss is							
	(1)	Zero at the conductor as well as	on the	sheath							
	(2)	(2) Minimum at the conductor surface and minimum at the sheath									
	(3) Maximum at the conductor surface and minimum at the sheath										
	(4)	Same at the conductor surface a	and she	ath							
75.	The	e surge impedance of 50 miles lo	ng unde	erground cable is 50 Ω . For a 25 miles							
·		gth cable, the surge impedance w									
	(1)	$25~\Omega$	(2)	$100~\Omega$							
	(3)		(4)	12.5 Ω							
76.	W	nich of the following neutral sys	tem wil	l require the lighting arrester of least							
	vo!	ltage rating?									

(2) Solidly earthed

(4) Reactance earthed

(1) Insulated

(3) Resistance earthed



77.	Re eff	sista ectiv	ance g zely gr	ground cound	ded sy ed sys	vstem will ha [.] tem.	ve gro	ound fault cu	Resistance grounded system will have ground fault current that is effectively grounded system.										
	(1)	Lo	ower t	han	(2)	More than	(3)	Same as	(4)	Twice									
78.	Ca fol	paci lowi	tance ng rea	of the	cable	is much more	than	the overhead	transn	nission line due (
	a.	H	igh va	lue of	perm	ittivity of insu	lating	g material											
	b.	Di	istanc	e betv	zeen t	he core and ea	rthed	sheath is sma	all										
	c.	\mathbf{Sr}	Small distance between cores itself																
	An	swe	r opt	ions :															
	(1)	Or	nly a a	ınd b	are tri	ue	(2)	Only b and o	c are tri	ae									
	(3)	Or	nly a a	nd c a	are tru	ıe	(4)	a, b and c ar											
79.	Ad	vant	age of	neut	ral ear	thing is													
	(1)	Sa	fety of	f pers	onal		(2)	Reduction of	f earth f	fault current									
	(3)	Eli	iminat	tion of	f arcin	g ground	(4)	None of the											
30.	Ma	tch I	ist – I	with	List –	II and select th	e corre	ect answer usi	ng the co	odes given below :									
			$\mathbf{st} - \mathbf{I}$					List – II		8-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-									
	A.	Th	yrite a	arrest	er		1.	Tower location	o n										
	В.	Sa	g temp	plate			2.	Cross bondin	ng										
	C.	Cal	ble sh	eaths			3.	Restriking vo	oltage										
	D.	Cir	cuit b	reake	r		4.	Non-linear re											
		A	В	\mathbf{C}	D														
	(1)	4	1	3	2														
	(2)	4	1	2	3														
	(3)	1	4	3	2														
	(4)	4	3	1	2														

81.	Ene	rgy consumption per unit of gross do	mest	ic product is called as						
	(1)	Energy ratio								
	(2)	Energy intensity								
	(3)	Per capita consumption								
	(4)	None of the above								
82.	Ope	n access allows the bulk power cons	umer	s to buy						
	(1)	(1) Cheaper power from open market								
	(2)	Power from the state electricity box	ard							
	(3)	Power from DISCOM								
	(4)	Power from transmission company								
83.	As p indu (1) (3)	per the Energy Act 2003, an energy a strial and institutional buildings h 100 kW 500 kW	udit s aving (2) (4)	hould be carried out in all commercial, connected load more than 50 kW 1000 kW						
84.	Ma	rginal outage cost is related to								
	(1)	Power								
	(2)	Energy								
	(3)	Economic loss								
	(4)	Running cost								
<u></u>	For	a particular power, the current drav	wn by	the circuit is minimum when the value						
		P.F. is								
	(1)	0.8 lagging	(2)	0.8 leading						
	(3)	Unity	(4)	0.9 leading						

ŧ	X.C							
86 .	In	stalled Capacity markets (ICAP)	% of the peak load.					
	(1)		(2)		100	•		
	(3)) 110	(4))	150			
87.	Th	ne consumers are encouraged to u	ıse elect:		city at	load factor.		
	(1)		(2)		low			
	(3)	1	(4)	ı	zero			
88.	Lo	ad factor =						
	(1)	Average load Maximum Demand						
	(2)	Average load × Maximum Dem	and					
	(3)	Maximum Demand Average load						
	(4)	Maximum Demand Contract Demand						
9.	The	Max. Demand meter records						
	(1)	KVA	(2)	F	XW			
	(3)	KWh	(4)		WAR			
0.	establishes harmonic current distortion limits at the PCC.							
	(1)	IEEE standard 519-2014						
	(2)	IEEE standard 1453-2003						
ĺ	(3)	IEEE standard 141-1992						
	(4)	None of the above						

91.	. At which of the following power factors, DG set is likely to give higher efficiency							
	(1)	0.8 lag (2)	0.8 lead				
	(3)	1 (4)	0.7				
92.	The synchronous machine delivers maximum power at power angle of							
	(1)	90°		30°				
	(3)		1)	60°				
93.	. In case of hydro generators the driving torque can be changed by controlling the							
	(1)	Gate opening						
	(2)	Throttle opening						
	(3)	Both (1) and (2)						
	(4)	None of the above						
94.	. Change in mechanical input of the two alternator operating in synchronous mode							
	causes							
	(1) Only KW sharing of two alternators without disturbing KVAR sharing							
	(2) Change in voltages of two alternator							
	(3) Only KVAR sharing of two alternator without disturbing KW sharing							
	(4)	0.1 1						
95.	95. For manually operated DG set, the change over switch must be of							
	(1)							
	(2)	4 pole						
	(3)	2 pole						
	(4) None of the above							



- 96. Main function of inverter in UPS system is
 - (1) ac to ac convertion

(2) ac to dc convertion

(3) dc to dc convertion

- (4) dc to ac convertion
- 97. An alternator is said to be over excited when it is operating at
 - (1) Unity power factor
 - (2) Leading power factor
 - (3) Lagging power factor
 - (4) Lagging to leading power factor
- 98. Which of the following is advantage of DG set?
 - (1) Quick start and quick stop is possible
 - (2) Noise and pollution level is less
 - (3) Operating cost is lowest
 - (4) Maintenance cost is lowest
- 99. The change in excitation of the two alternators operating in parallel causes
 - (1) Only KVAR sharing of two alternators without disturbing KW sharing of two machines
 - (2) Only KW sharing of two alternators without disturbing KVAR sharing of two machines
 - (3) Both KVAR sharing and KW sharing of two machines
 - (4) None of the above
- 100. An alternator is said to be under excited when it is operating at
 - (1) Unity power factor
 - (2) Lagging power factor
 - (3) Leading power factor
 - (4) None of the above



सूचना ५ (पृष्ठ 1 वरून पुढे....)

(8) प्रश्नपुस्तिकेमध्ये विहित केलेल्या विशिष्ट जागीच कच्चे काम (रफ वर्क) करावे. प्रश्नपुस्तिकेव्यतिरिक्त उत्तरपत्रिकेवर वा इतर कागदावर कच्चे काम केल्यास ते कॉपी करण्याच्या उद्देशाने केले आहे, असे मानले जाईल व त्यानुसार उमेदवारावर शासनाने जारी केलेल्या ''परीक्षांमध्ये होणाऱ्या गैरप्रकारांना प्रतिबंध करण्याबाबतचे अधिनियम-82'' यातील तरतुदीनुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती कमाल एक वर्षाच्या कारावासाच्या आणि/किंवा रुपये एक हजार रकमेच्या दंडाच्या शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.



(9) सदर प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी आयोगाने विहित केलेली वेळ संपल्यानंतर उमेदवाराला ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका स्वतःबरोबर परीक्षाकक्षाबाहेर घेऊन जाण्यास परवानगी आहे. मात्र परीक्षाकक्षाबाहेर जाण्यापूर्वी उमेदवाराने आपल्या उत्तरपत्रिकेचा भाग-1 समवेक्षकाकडे न विसरता परत करणे आवश्यक आहे.

नमुना प्रश्न

Pick out the correct word to fill in the blank:

Q. No. 201.	I congratulate you	your grand success.
	(1) for	(2) at

(3) on (4) about

ह्या प्रश्नाचे योग्य उत्तर "(3) on" असे आहे. त्यामुळे या प्रश्नाचे उत्तर "(3)" होईल. यास्तव खालीलप्रमाणे प्रश्न क्र. **201** समोरील उत्तर-क्रमांक "(3)" हे वर्तुळ पूर्णपणे छायांकित करून दाखविणे आवश्यक आहे.

я. **э**б. **201.** (1) (2) (4)

अशा पद्धतीने प्रस्तुत प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील प्रत्येक प्रश्नाचा तुमचा उत्तर-क्रमांक हा तुम्हाला स्वतंत्ररीत्या पुरिवलेल्या उत्तरपित्रकेवरील त्या त्या प्रश्न-क्रमांकासमोरील संबंधित वर्तुळ पूर्णपणे छायांकित करून दाखवावा. ह्याकरिता फक्त काळ्या शाईचे बॉलपेन वापरावे, पेन्सिल वा शाईचे पेन वापरू नये.

कच्चा कामासाठी जागा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK