# औषधनिर्माता, शासकीय वैद्यकीय महाविद्यालय, महाराष्ट्र वैद्यकीय शिक्षण व संशोधन सेवा, गट-ब.

## Pharmacist in Government Medical College, Maharashtra Medical Education & Research Service Group - B

परीक्षेचे टप्पे : लेखी परीक्षा - १०० गुण,

मुलाखत- २५ गुण

### -: परीक्षा योजना :-

विषय व संकेतांक	प्रश्नसंख्या	गुण	कालावधी	दर्जा	माध्यम	प्रश्नपत्रिकेचे स्वरुप
विहित अभ्यासक्रमावर आधारित (९१५)	१००	१००	एक तास	पदवी	इंग्रजी	वस्तुनिष्ठ बहुपर्यायी

#### अ) नकारात्मक गुणदान -

- १) प्रत्येक चुकीच्या उत्तराकरीता २५% किंवा १/४ एवढे गुण एकूण गुणांमधून वजा/ कमी करण्यात येतील.
- २) एखाद्या प्रश्नाची एकापेक्षा अधिक उत्तरे दिली असल्यास अशा प्रश्नाचे उत्तर चुकीचे समजण्यात येऊन त्या प्रश्नाच्या उत्तराकरीता २५% किंवा १/४ एवढे गुण एकूण गुणांमधून वजा/कमी करण्यात येतील.
- ३) वरीलप्रमाणे कार्यपध्दतीचा अवलंब करताना एकूण अंतिम गुणांची बेरीज अपूर्णांकात आली तरीही ती अपूर्णांकातच राहील व पढ़ील कार्यवाही त्याच्या आधारे करण्यात येईल.
- ४) एखाद्या प्रश्नाचे उत्तर अनुत्तरित असेल तर, अशा प्रकरणी नकारात्मक गुणांची पध्दत लागू असणार नाही.
- ब) अंतिम गुणवत्ता यादी ही वस्तुनिष्ठ परीक्षेतील व मुलाखतीतील एकत्रित गुणांवर आधारीत राहील.

#### -: Syllabus :-

Sr.No.	Topics and Sub-topics						
	Part I : Pharmaceutics, Dispensing and Hospital Pharmacy						
1	Formulations: Types, Preparation, Packaging, labeling and Storage, Various						
	Conventional and prolonged release drug delivery systems, per-oral and parenteral						
	administration, novel routes of drug administration including pulmonary, nasal,						
	ophthalmic, transdermal etc., concepts of drugs stability and Shelf-life.						
2	Prescription: definition, various parts of prescription, their functions, handling of						
	prescription, prescription charging policy, labeling requirements as per various schedules						
	mentioned in Drugs and Cosmetics Act and its addendum, Pharmacy Act 1948, Drug						
	Price Control Order as per regulatory requirements, Narcotic & Psychotropic substances						
	Act and Rules.						
3	Posology: Definition, factors affecting dose selection, Calculation of doses for						
	paediatric and geriatric patients.						
4	Study of various pharmacopoeias, monographs and various quality control tests						
	mentioned in the monographs- I.P., U.S.P., E.P., B.P.						

5	Sterile Products -their manufacturing and quality Control, Methods of Sterlization and						
	validation thereof, Test for Sterility, Test for pyrogens, concept of asepsis and						
	maintenance of aseptic conditions, Central Sterile Supply Department (CSSD) and its						
	functioning.						
	Microbiological Media: Preparation and Sterilization.						
	Surgical dressings: Properties, sterilization, standards and tests for sterility.						
	Ligatures and Sutures: Absorbable and non-absorbable, preparations, standards, and						
	tests for sterility.						
6	Hospital and Drug Store: Layout, designs. staff, materials-coding and stocking						
	including storage conditions. Legal requirements, maintenance of various registers.						
	Use of Computers for day to day record keeping. Inventory control concept of EOQ						
	(Economic Order Quantity) & Purchase policy. Drug distribution systems in hospitals -						
	Dispensing to in-patients & out-patients. Safe use of drugs in hospitals.						
7	Clinical Pharmacy - Drug & poison information services & its management: Patient						
	Counseling, Patient information leaflets, patient medication adherence, drug-drug,						
	drug-food interactions, adverse drug reactions. Use of softwares and databases for						
	monitoring drug interactions, and adverse drug reactions and idiosyncratic reactions.						
Part II: Pharmacology and Toxicology							
1	Concepts of health and disease, causative agents and prevention of diseases like Aids,						
	Tuberculosis. Brief outline of communicable diseases, models of transmission and						
	prevention.						
2	First aid, emergency treatment of shock, snake bites, burns, poisoning, fractures						
3	Pharmacology of following classes of drugs						
	Antihypertensives, antianginal agents, antihyperlipidemic agents, Cardiotonics,						
	antiallergics, antidiabetics, antimicrobials and antibiotics including the newer						
	generation antibiotics, antiulcer agents, antacid, anti HIV agents, antidepressants.						
4	Clinical toxicology:						
	Clinical symptoms and management of acute poisoning due to pesticides, opiates,						
	barbiturates, benzodiazepines, alcohol (ethanol & methanol), paracetamol and						
	salicylates, heavy metals- Aresenic, lead, mercury, radiation poisoning.						