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प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक

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प्रश्नपुस्तिका

एकूण प्रश्न : 100

चाळणी परीक्षा

एकूण गुण : 200

वेळ : 1 ( एक ) तास

### सूचना

(1) सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेत 100 अनिवार्य प्रश्न आहेत. उमेदवारांनी प्रश्नांची उत्तरे लिहिण्यास सुरुवात करण्यापूर्वी या प्रश्नपुस्तिकेत सर्व प्रश्न आहेत किंवा नाहीत याची खात्री करून घ्यावी. असा तसेच अन्य काही दोष आढळल्यास ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका समवेक्षकांकडून लगेच बदलून घ्यावी.

परीक्षा-क्रमांक									

केंद्राची संकेताक्षरे

शेवटचा अंक

(2) आपला परीक्षा-क्रमांक ह्या चौकोनांत न विसरता बॉलपेनने लिहावा.

(3) वर छापलेला प्रश्नपुस्तिका क्रमांक तुमच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवर विशिष्ट जागी उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील सूचनेप्रमाणे न विसरता नमूद करावा.

(4) या प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील प्रत्येक प्रश्नाला 4 पर्यायी उत्तरे सुचविली असून त्यांना 1, 2, 3 आणि 4 असे क्रमांक दिलेले आहेत. त्या चार उत्तरांपैकी सर्वात योग्य उत्तराचा क्रमांक उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील सूचनेप्रमाणे तुमच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवर नमूद करावा. अशा प्रकारे उत्तरपत्रिकेवर उत्तरक्रमांक नमूद करताना तो संबंधित प्रश्नक्रमांकासमोर छायांकित करून दर्शविला जाईल याची काळजी घ्यावी. ह्याकरिता फक्त काळ्या शाईचे बॉलपेन वापरावे, पेन्सिल वा शाईचे पेन वापरू नये.

(5) सर्व प्रश्नांना समान गुण आहेत. यास्तव सर्व प्रश्नांची उत्तरे द्यावीत. घाईमुळे चुका होणार नाहीत याची दक्षता घेऊनच शक्य तितक्या वेगाने प्रश्न सोडवावेत. क्रमाने प्रश्न सोडविणे श्रेयस्कर आहे पण एखादा प्रश्न कठीण वाटल्यास त्यावर वेळ न घालविता पुढील प्रश्नाकडे वळावे. अशा प्रकारे शेवटच्या प्रश्नापर्यंत पोहोचल्यानंतर वेळ शिल्लक राहिल्यास कठीण म्हणून वगळलेल्या प्रश्नांकडे परतणे सोईस्कर ठरेल.

(6) उत्तरपत्रिकेत एकदा नमूद केलेले उत्तर खोडता येणार नाही. नमूद केलेले उत्तर खोडून नव्याने उत्तर दिल्यास ते तपासले जाणार नाही.

(7) प्रस्तुत परीक्षेच्या उत्तरपत्रिकांचे मूल्यांकन करताना उमेदवारांच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेतील योग्य उत्तरांनाच गुण दिले जातील. तसेच " उमेदवाराने वस्तुनिष्ठ बहुपर्यायी स्वरूपाच्या प्रश्नांची दिलेल्या चार पर्यायापैकी सर्वात योग्य उत्तरेच उत्तरपत्रिकेत नमूद करावीत. अन्यथा त्यांच्या उत्तरपत्रिकेत सोडविलेल्या प्रत्येक चार चुकीच्या उत्तरांसाठी एका प्रश्नाचे गुण वजा करण्यात येतील'.

### ताकीद

ह्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी आयोगाने विहित केलेली वेळ संपेपर्यंत ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका आयोगाची मालमत्ता असून ती परीक्षाकक्षात उमेदवारांला परीक्षेसाठी वापरण्यास देण्यात येत आहे. ही वेळ संपेपर्यंत सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेची प्रत/प्रती, किंवा सदर प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील काही आशय कोणत्याही स्वरूपात प्रत्यक्ष वा अप्रत्यक्षपणे कोणत्याही व्यक्तीस पुरविणे, तसेच प्रसिद्ध करणे हा गुन्हा असून अशी कृती करणाऱ्या व्यक्तीवर शासनाने जारी केलेल्या "परीक्षांमध्ये होणाऱ्या गैरप्रकारांना प्रतिबंध करण्याबाबतचा अधिनियम-82" यातील तरतुदीनुसार तसेच प्रचलित कायद्याच्या तरतुदीनुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती कमाल एक वर्षाच्या कारावासाच्या आणि/किंवा रुपये एक हजार रकमेच्या दंडाच्या शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.

तसेच ह्या प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी विहित केलेली वेळ संपण्याआधी ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका अनधिकृतपणे बाळगणे हा सुद्धा गुन्हा असून तसे करणारी व्यक्ती आयोगाच्या कर्मचारीवृंदापैकी, तसेच परीक्षेच्या पर्यवेक्षकीयवृंदापैकी असली तरीही अशा व्यक्तीविरुद्ध उक्त अधिनियमानुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.

पुढील सूचना प्रश्नपुस्तिकेच्या अंतिम पृष्ठावर पहा

पर्यवेक्षकांच्या सूचनेविना हे सील उघडू नये

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कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

1. The NSDC, a set up as Public - Private Partnership Company is mandated by :
- (1) Training of semi skilled workers in different skill sectors in India.
  - (2) Catalysing the skills landscape in India.
  - (3) Recognising and affiliating vocational education universities, colleges, schools in India.
  - (4) Liaisoning with International Vocational Training providers for skill development in India.
- 

2. The Chairman of Education Commission (1964-66) of India was :
- |                          |                        |
|--------------------------|------------------------|
| (1) Dr. S. Radhakrishnan | (2) Prof. Nurul Hassan |
| (3) Dr. D.S. Kothari     | (4) Mr. J.F. McDougall |
- 

3. The apex body for policy planning and coordination of vocational education at national level is :
- |          |          |           |             |
|----------|----------|-----------|-------------|
| (1) MHRD | (2) JCVE | (3) NCERT | (4) PSSCIVE |
|----------|----------|-----------|-------------|
- 

4. Below are given an **Assertion (A)** and **Reason (R)** :

**Assertion (A)** : Vocational Education alleviates poverty.

**Reason (R)** : Poverty is because of vocational education.

Which of the following is **correct** ?

- (1) **(A)** is true but **(R)** is false
  - (2) **(A)** is false but **(R)** is true
  - (3) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are correct and **(R)** is correct explanation of **(A)**
  - (4) Both **(A)** and **(R)** are correct but **(R)** is not correct explanation of **(A)**
- 

कच्चा कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

P.T.O.

5. The vocational education and training system in the country is viewed as :

- (a) A tool for achieving national economic and social objective.
- (b) Encouraging regional development.
- (c) Supporting industrial sector.
- (d) Expanding export and attracting foreign investment.

Which of the statements given above is/are **correct** ?

- (1) (a) only
  - (2) (a) and (b) only
  - (3) (a), (b) and (c)
  - (4) (a), (b), (c) and (d)
- 

6. Prevocational education of CBSE is offered to :

- (1) Class 6<sup>th</sup>, 7<sup>th</sup>, 8<sup>th</sup> students
  - (2) Class 9<sup>th</sup> and 10<sup>th</sup> students
  - (3) School dropouts
  - (4) Class I to V students
- 

7. What is the objective of starting NCVT type of education in our country ?

- (1) To impart general type of education so as to promote employment.
  - (2) To impart skill based education so as to satisfy need of industry of trained manpower which can be used in manufacture in industry.
  - (3) To create supervisory level manpower.
  - (4) To establish vocational or technical education system in India.
- 

8. Generic Vocational Courses at the higher secondary level have been provided by :

- (1) NPE - 1968
  - (2) NPE - 1986
  - (3) Kothari Commission
  - (4) None of the above
- 

9. Which are the various systems of vocational education in India ?

- (1) Arts, Science, Commerce Colleges.
  - (2) Engineering, Pharmacy, Polytechnic Colleges.
  - (3) Industrial training institutes, Vocationalisation of school education.
  - (4) Informal education in schools.
- 

कच्चा कामसाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

10. 10+2+3 pattern recommended by the Education Commission was accepted mainly for :

- (1) preparing students for college education.
  - (2) preparing large school leavers for different vocations.
  - (3) preparing students for engineering and medical education.
  - (4) distinct stream of general education.
- 

11. State Skill Mission is headed by :

- (1) CEO, Maharashtra Skill Development Society
  - (2) Chief Secretary
  - (3) Chief Minister
  - (4) Department Minister
- 

12. The Ministry of Human Resources Development GoI, developed the National Skill Qualification Framework (NSQF) to introduce vocational courses from class :

- (1) 8<sup>th</sup> onwards
  - (2) 9<sup>th</sup> onwards
  - (3) 10<sup>th</sup> onwards
  - (4) 11<sup>th</sup> onwards
- 

13. Upgradation of ITIs under Public Private Partnership was introduced in the state during :

- (1) 2005-2006
  - (2) 2006-2007
  - (3) 2007-2008
  - (4) 2009-2010
- 

14. To get financial assistance under educated unemployed scheme for starting self employment venture the minimum qualification is :

- (1) The candidate should be a graduate.
  - (2) The candidate should be at least 7<sup>th</sup> pass.
  - (3) The candidate should be 12<sup>th</sup> pass.
  - (4) None of the above.
- 

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

15. Artisan skill assessment and certification under 'RPL' was introduced in the state for the first time, under the scheme :

- (1) Skill Development Initiatives (SDI), GoI.
  - (2) NSDC, sectorial skill councils.
  - (3) Artisan to Technocrat
  - (4) Lokseva Kendra
- 

16. Following institutes carry out training of Instructors of ITIs/ITCs :

- (1) IITs
  - (2) NITTTRs
  - (3) ATIs
  - (4) NITs
- 

17. An apex organisation for R and D in Vocational Training in India :

- (1) ATI
  - (2) NIMI
  - (3) CSTARI
  - (4) NCVT
- 

18. Following is **not** a method of forecasting demand of human resources :

- (1) Judgement methods
  - (2) Trend analysis
  - (3) Mathematical and Computer modelling
  - (4) Preparing manpower inventory of existing manpower
- 

19. The All India Council for Technical Education (AICTE) is a/an :

- (1) Autonomous body
  - (2) Statutory body
  - (3) Affiliating body
  - (4) Administrative department
- 

20. The main objective of Vocational Survey is :

- (1) To assess educational facilities.
  - (2) To identify the problem of youth unemployment.
  - (3) To explore the vocational areas and their employment potential.
  - (4) To collect historical data for manpower planning.
- 

कच्चा कामसाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

21. The PSS Central Institute of Vocational Education (PSSCIVE) is located at :

- (1) New Delhi (2) Mumbai  
(3) Chandigarh (4) Bhopal
- 

22. The function of 'NCERT' is :

- (1) To develop curriculum and study material for centrally controlled education institutes.  
(2) To establish I.T.I. and I.T.C.  
(3) To help H.R.D. ministry of GoI in education planning.  
(4) To develop curriculum for vocational education.
- 

23. One of the objectives of National University of Educational Planning and Administration, New Delhi is to :

- (1) Accreditate Higher Education Management and Planning Institute  
(2) Provide academic and professional guidance to agencies, institutes and personnel engaged in educational Planning and Administration  
(3) Plan for coordinated development of primary, secondary and higher education in India  
(4) Assist Government of India for funding of higher education institutes
- 

24. The University in India, which telecasts interactive educational programmes through its own channel is :

- (1) Annamalai University  
(2) Jamia Millia Islamia  
(3) Indira Gandhi National Open University  
(4) Usmania Open University
- 

25. A nodal agency for achieving goals of universalisation of elementary education is :

- (1) NUEPA (2) NCERT (3) CIET (4) NIEPA
- 

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

26. 'Brainstorming' as a technique is best used by the management experts for :

- (1) Work distribution at shop floor
  - (2) Generating alternatives for problem solving
  - (3) Promotion of Research and Development
  - (4) Training shop floor employees
- 

27. Which of the following is the first step in the Problem Solving Technique ?

- (1) Collect and Analyse data
  - (2) Identify and Analyse the Problem
  - (3) Arrive at plausible solutions
  - (4) Validate multiple solutions
- 

28. In leadership trait theory, what is a trait ?

- (1) A list of things that make leaders different to everyone else.
  - (2) A list of key things, a leader must do to be great.
  - (3) A list of key characteristics that make a leader great.
  - (4) None of the above.
- 

29. What do you understand by planning perspective on implementation ?

- (1) To estimate finance and manpower required.
  - (2) To foresee the requirement of skilled manpower and plan the centres of training accordingly.
  - (3) Survey of area for manpower requirement.
  - (4) Straight line process.
- 

30. A major limitation of Gantt Chart in project management is that they do not indicate :

- (1) All activities
  - (2) Activity times
  - (3) Activity duration
  - (4) Precedence Relationships
- 

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



31. Which of the following is a good tool for planning cycle-time reduction and concurrent operations ?

- (1) A timeline (2) A Pareto diagram  
(3) An  $\bar{X}$  & R chart (4) A PERT chart
- 

32. Does internal and external environment affect working of an institute ?

- (1) It does not show any effect.  
(2) It affects the working of Institute and safety of the trainees and performance.  
(3) Proper behavioural science should be imbibed in trainees during training.  
(4) Indicator of key performance areas.
- 

33. What do you understand by CPM Technique ?

- (1) Programme evaluation and Review technique.  
(2) It is an activity oriented technique which marks critical activities (events).  
(3) It is a management tool to forecast duration required for completing a project.  
(4) All the above.
- 

34. SWOT analysis is an assessment of :

- (1) Strategic planning (2) Internal environment  
(3) External environment (4) Internal and External environment
- 

35. What do you understand by human resource planning ?

- (1) The students admitted to various trades in I.T.I.  
(2) The individuals who make up the work force in the Institute (Based on planned capacity and Trades)  
(3) Recruitment of persons based on jobs and services required in an organization.  
(4) All the above.
- 

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

36. The Vocational (Technician) Apprentice Scheme is implemented by :

- (1) Apprenticeship Advisor at DVET.
  - (2) Director General of Employment and Training MOI.
  - (3) Board of Apprenticeship training H.R.D. Minister.
  - (4) Director vocational education.
- 

37. Advanced vocational training system is established in our state under Director of vocational training to :

- (1) impart degree in vocational subjects
  - (2) up grade skill of semiskilled workers and supervisors working in Industry
  - (3) impart theoretical education to degree holders.
  - (4) train the Vocational Instructors.
- 

38. Competency based vocational course at +2 stage is developed and started during 1988-89 :

- (1) To provide national skill qualification framework.
  - (2) As an alternative to technical diploma course.
  - (3) To meet the need of Vocationally Trained People needed in organised and unorganised sector.
  - (4) Preparing the student for college education.
- 

39. According to Restructured +2 HSC vocational courses in a technical Group, no. of courses are :

- |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) 5 | (2) 6 | (3) 7 | (4) 8 |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
- 

40. Certificate of Proficiency is awarded in the case of :

- (1) Trade apprenticeship
  - (2) Fresher apprenticeship
  - (3) Technician (vocational) apprenticeship
  - (4) All the above
- 

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

41. In Maharashtra State prevocational courses are started to :
- (1) develop interest in students for vocational subjects at pre-S.S.C. level.
  - (2) as alternative facility in line with I.T.I. courses (CTS).
  - (3) impart employable skill to degree holders in general stream.
  - (4) develop village technicians.
- 
42. In Group training system pre-scribed under Apprenticeship Act a CTS training is given at :
- (1) I T I or I T C
  - (2) Individual Industry.
  - (3) Cluster of industries by rotating the trainee amongst Group of Industries.
  - (4) Basic Training Centres.
- 
43. How many times has the apprenticeship Act 1961, been Amended so far ?
- (1) One                      (2) Two                      (3) Three                      (4) Four
- 
44. According to NSQF, +2 HSC (Bifocal) courses are aligned with :
- (1) Level I and II                      (2) Level II and III  
(3) Level III and IV                      (4) Level V and VI
- 
45. The following types of leave are granted to apprentices.
- (a) Casual leave  
(b) Medical leave  
(c) Extraordinary leave  
(d) Earned leave
- Answer Options :**
- (1) (a) and (b) only                      (2) (c) only  
(3) (a), (b) and (c) only                      (4) (d) only
- 

कच्च्या कामासाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

46. Under the Apprenticeship Training Scheme, in case of central public sector undertaking and Union Territories, the seats reserved for OBCs are :

- (1) 15% (2) 19%  
(3) 27% (4) No reservation
- 

47. Admission to +2 Bifocal stream in Government Technical high schools centres is done through :

- (1) Head master  
(2) Dy Director School Education  
(3) Jt. Director Vocational Education and Training  
(4) Collaboration schools
- 

48. Who is not eligible for engagement under Apprenticeship Training ?

- (1) Candidate from outside the state  
(2) Less than 14 years of age  
(3) One who does not satisfy the prescribed standard of fitness  
(4) Whose guardian has entered into a contract with employer (In case minor)
- 

49. For Apprenticeship Training of technicians (vocational) a candidate is to apply to :

- (1) Regional Director of Apprenticeship Training.  
(2) Regional Director, Board of Apprenticeship Training.  
(3) State Director of Apprenticeship Training.  
(4) All the above.
- 

50. How many seats are reserved for the scheduled tribes in the Government Ashram School ITIs in the state ?

- (1) 100% (2) 80% (3) 75% (4) 50%
- 

कच्चा कामसाठी जागा /SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

51. Recruitment Rules for State Government Departments are approved by :

- (1) Governor
- (2) General Administrative Department
- (3) Employer Administrative Department
- (4) Maharashtra Public Service Commission

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52. Which of the following processes is used for deciding the best job match and the person's talent ?

- (1) Recruitment      (2) Selection      (3) Placement      (4) Socialization

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53. Which of the following is not a true statement so far as benefits of orientation programme are concerned ?

- (1) It cuts down recruitment cost
- (2) It can be a motivating factor for new employees
- (3) It can increase retrenchment
- (4) It can enhance satisfaction of new employees

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54. Orientation has a direct impact on future :

- (1) Wage rate and incentive scheme
- (2) Safety and proper use of tools and equipment
- (3) Performance, productivity and job satisfaction
- (4) Disciplinary rules and service benefits

---

55. The new employees can be trained through :

- (a) Direct Employee's Training
- (b) Optimizing employee's strengths
- (c) Use of e-learning program to train employees
- (d) Giving new employees a task, in place of training
- (e) Encouraging employees to share their expertise
- (f) Giving departmental projects directly

**Answer Options :**

- (1) (a), (b) and (c)                      (2) (a) only  
(3) (a) and (c)                              (4) (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e)

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56. Linkage between institution and industry should be viewed as a total involvement in respect of :

- (a) Utilization of facilities in Industries.
- (b) Utilization of Technicians for Skill Training.
- (c) Evaluation and placement of students.
- (d) Students placed for revenue generation activities.

**Answer Options :**

- (1) (a) and (c) are correct
  - (2) (a), (b) and (c) are correct
  - (3) (a) and (b) are correct
  - (4) Only (d) is correct
- 

57. Key performance indicators for training institute are listed as :

- (a) Average - monthly income of the employed/self employed students.
- (b) Average - monthly training hour per faculty.
- (c) Average - weekly hours per students spent on 'Practicals' in Industry.
- (d) Average - percentage of students placed in Industry.

**Answer Options :**

- (1) (a) and (d) are correct
  - (2) (b) and (c) are correct
  - (3) (a), (b) and (c) are correct
  - (4) (a), (b), (c) and (d) are correct
- 

58. Find out the **incorrect** statement for Trade Apprentices Training Scheme :

- (1) Training programme is developed by joint consultation of apprenticeship advisor and establishment concerned.
  - (2) Prescription of number of apprentices to be engaged at establishment level instead of trade - wise.
  - (3) Establishment can engage apprentices in optional trade which are not designated.
  - (4) Establishment have been permitted to outsource basic - Training in an institute of their choice.
- 

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59. For development of skill, which of the following methods is **not** used ?

- (a) Demonstration Method
- (b) Discussion Method
- (c) Lecture-cum-demonstration Method
- (d) Problem solving Method

**Answer Options :**

- (1) Only (a), (b)
- (2) Only (b)
- (3) Only (a), (c), (d)
- (4) All of the above

---

60. What is **not** an Indicator of External Efficiency of Training Institute ?

- (1) Student graduation rate
- (2) Labour market success of graduates
- (3) Satisfaction of graduates with the trade required
- (4) Satisfaction of employers with the skills of graduates

---

61. While designing the curriculum for competency based education for vocational courses, which of the following sequences is followed ?

- (a) Formulation of objective for particular vocational course on the basis of task analysis.
- (b) Enlist the job opportunities, both self and wage available in job market.
- (c) Out lining the study and examination scheme and develop syllabi.
- (d) Identification of vocational competencies, job analysis, knowledge and skill and personality traits required.

**Answer Options :**

- (1) (a), (b), (d), (c)
- (2) (b), (a), (c), (d)
- (3) (b), (d), (a), (c)
- (4) (c), (a), (b), (d)

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**P.T.O.**

62. The phrase 'Transfer of Training' refers to :
- (1) moving training schedules around to accommodate other concerns of the organisation
  - (2) sharing training material with colleagues
  - (3) implementing newly acquired knowledge and skills back in the organisation
  - (4) sharing training experiences with colleagues and trainers
- 

63. The training programme evaluation which provides the scope for improvement during the programme itself is known as :
- (1) Comprehensive Evaluation
  - (2) Impact Evaluation
  - (3) Formative Evaluation
  - (4) Summative Evaluation
- 

64. National Occupation Standards are developed by :
- (1) NSDC
  - (2) SSCS
  - (3) NCVT
  - (4) PSSCIVE
- 

65. What is the role of Industry Partner under upgradation of ITIs through PPP model ?
- (1) To provide qualified instructors and staff
  - (2) To regulate the admission and fee processes
  - (3) To improve NCVT curriculum
  - (4) To customised training or potential manpower
- 

66. Which of the following statements about media for instruction is absolutely true ?
- (1) Single media is suitable for all trainees
  - (2) Media works as a substitute for trainer
  - (3) Media raises the attention level of the trainees
  - (4) Media does not require equipments for their use and presentation
- 

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67. Safety in skill development training mainly refers to :

- (1) Safety of using tools and machines during training
- (2) Safety of work place/training site
- (3) Safety from health hazards in and around training site
- (4) All the above

---

68. What is the role of CII in Vocational Training ?

- (1) Provide Consultancy/ Advisory Service
- (2) Industry partner under upgradation of ITIs
- (3) To monitor the progress of the scheme through National Steering Committee
- (4) Provide conducive administrative atmosphere to the process of partnership

---

69. 'Carefully preparing a training manual so that ideas are built on previous ideas' - which training principle is illustrated ?

- (a) Stimulus : Meaningful organization of material
- (b) Response : Practice and reinforcement
- (c) Feedback : Immediate knowledge of results
- (d) Transfer of Training - Sequencing the events

**Answer Options :**

- (1) (a) only
- (2) (a) and (b)
- (3) (a), (b) and (c)
- (4) All (a), (b), (c) and (d)

---

70. Immediately after completion of the training, feedback of the trainees is taken in written form. This method of evaluating a training programme is called :

- (1) Evaluating results
- (2) Evaluating reactions and learning
- (3) Evaluating on the job behaviour
- (4) Evaluating business results

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P.T.O.

71. What are the skill evaluation techniques ?

- (1) Method, Approach, Skill and Time taken to complete the job.
  - (2) Work accuracy, Skill and Time taken.
  - (3) Work accuracy, Finishing, Time taken for a job.
  - (4) Completeness and Speed.
- 

72. The basic purpose of Performance Appraisal is to :

- (1) Hire Employees
  - (2) Fire Employees
  - (3) Motivate Employees
  - (4) Counsel Employees
- 

73. When the ratings are collected from supervisors, customers and peers, it is called ?

- (1) 180° Feedback
  - (2) 320° Feedback
  - (3) 360° Feedback
  - (4) 380° Feedback
- 

74. Standard Bench-marking is a :

- (1) Best Practice Standards
  - (2) Calibration of real performance
  - (3) Standard performance
  - (4) Comparison, measurement to promote the best
- 

75. Performance of Trainees for productivity is assessed on the basis of :

- (1) accuracy
  - (2) completeness
  - (3) speed
  - (4) accuracy and speed
- 

76. The steps of classroom teaching are :

- (1) Immitation → Manipulation → Precision → Articulation
  - (2) Preparation → Presentation → Application → Testing
  - (3) Fixing goal → Deciding content → Sequencing → Teaching strategies
  - (4) Create interest → Develop concept → Promote understanding → Crystalize thought
- 

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77. ISO certification of ITIs is done under :

- |                |                 |
|----------------|-----------------|
| (1) ISO - 9000 | (2) ISO - 9002  |
| (3) ISO - 9003 | (4) ISO - 29990 |

78. ISO 9001, 9002 and 9003 are applicable to :

- |                           |                               |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| (1) Contractual situation | (2) Non-contractual situation |
| (3) Internal management   | (4) Quality system guidelines |

79. What does the term 'Kaizen' mean when applied to Quality ?

- (1) Continuous Improvement in Quality
- (2) Quality is everyone's job
- (3) Maintenance of steady flow
- (4) Mutual dependence

80. Machine Maintenance Record is maintained in :

- |                         |                    |
|-------------------------|--------------------|
| (1) Dead Stock Register | (2) Inventory book |
| (3) History sheet       | (4) Bin-card       |

81. Which of the following in ABC Analysis is an 'A item' ?

- (1) 70% of the total inventory cost is against 10% of the total items.
- (2) 10% of the total inventory cost is against 10% of the total items.
- (3) 70% of the total inventory cost is against 70% of the total items.
- (4) 10% of the total inventory cost is against 70% of the total items.

82. Which of the following is the correct answer ?

- (1) Reorder level = Average consumption during total lead time – safety stock
- (2) Reorder level = Total stock
- (3) Reorder level = Obsolete stock
- (4) Reorder level = Average consumption during total lead time + safety stock

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83. What do you mean by buffer stock in managing of stores ?

- (1) Reorder level stock
  - (2) Reserve or margin of safety stock to be used in case of emergency
  - (3) Lead or procurement time
  - (4) Average stock to place a order
- 

84. Instructor keeps the records of Tools and Equipments under his charge in :

- |                         |                         |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) Dead Stock Register | (2) Consumable Register |
| (3) Tool Gibs Register  | (4) Inventory Register  |
- 

85. Economic Order Quantity (EOQ) is meaningful for which of the following ?

- |                       |                       |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| (1) Static parts      | (2) Dynamic parts     |
| (3) Fast moving parts | (4) Slow moving parts |
- 

86. In preparing zero base budget for training programme, which of the following is **not** considered ?

- (1) Wasteful expenditure
  - (2) Inefficiencies of previous programmes
  - (3) Non utilization of scarce resources
  - (4) Alternative means of funding
- 

87. Annual Financial Statement is known as \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                |                |               |              |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
| (1) Green Book | (2) White Book | (3) Blue Book | (4) Red Book |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|
- 

88. Performance budget can be defined as :

- (1) Management tool, linked to budget forming process.
  - (2) Achievement of physical and financial target only.
  - (3) Appropriation of amount under major head.
  - (4) Functions, programmes and activities with financial and physical aspects interlinked.
- 

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89. Pre-budget exercise, aimed to ensuring a practical and realistic allocation of resources is called \_\_\_\_\_.
- (1) Annual planning of the state
  - (2) Civic budget estimate
  - (3) Zero base budgeting
  - (4) Performance budget
- 
90. Non-plan expenditure of a technical institute includes :
- (1) Development expenditure
  - (2) Non-development expenditure
  - (3) Development and non-development expenditure
  - (4) Grant-in-aid
- 
91. Fund of the state government which is **not** subjected to the Vote of Assembly is known as :
- |                         |                         |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) Voted expenditure   | (2) Charged expenditure |
| (3) Capital expenditure | (4) All the above       |
- 
92. For implementing training calendar, training institutes prepare :
- |                    |                      |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| (1) Capital budget | (2) Operating budget |
| (3) Fixed budget   | (4) Flexible budget  |
- 
93. Expenditure incurred by Government for Procurement of Equipment is termed as :
- (1) Revenue expenditure
  - (2) Capital expenditure
  - (3) Expenditure under debt head
  - (4) Receipts under debt head
- 

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94. In which of the following terms budget is prepared ?

- (1) Quantitative and statistical
  - (2) Quantitative and quality
  - (3) Quantity and time
  - (4) Quantity, quality and ratio
- 

95. DPDCs are responsible for :

- (1) Formulating a part of state plan related to their districts.
  - (2) Formulating district plans only.
  - (3) Formulating district and backlog plan.
  - (4) Monitoring implementation of the district level scheme only.
- 

96. The Environment (Protection) Act was passed in \_\_\_\_\_.

- (1) 1984                      (2) 1985                      (3) 1986                      (4) 1987
- 

97. Health for all can succeed only when :

- (1) There is a mini-hospital in every village.
  - (2) Government bears medical expenses of one and all.
  - (3) Everyone becomes conscious of one's health.
  - (4) Life expectancy can reach 75 years.
- 

98. Disaster Control Management Plan is :

- (1) an action plan and emergency organisation to control the disaster.
  - (2) an action required to be carried out at the time of emergency.
  - (3) a safety policy documents issued by management.
  - (4) team building in advance according to activities.
- 

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99. Which is **not** the key environmental issue of Industrial Training Institute ?

- (1) Beautification of campus.
  - (2) Poor site planning and designing.
  - (3) Lack of proper maintenance of Building and associated services.
  - (4) Improper resources consumption.
- 

100. MOOC stands for :

- (1) More Objective Open Courseware
  - (2) Master of Organic Chemistry
  - (3) Massive Object Oriented Courses
  - (4) Massive Open Online Courses
- 

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### सूचना — ( पृष्ठ 1 वरून पुढे.... )

- (8) प्रश्नपुस्तिकेमध्ये विहित केलेल्या विशिष्ट जागीच कच्चे काम (रफ वर्क) करावे. प्रश्नपुस्तिकेव्यतिरिक्त उत्तरपत्रिकेवर वा इतर कागदावर कच्चे काम केल्यास ते कॉपी करण्याच्या उद्देशाने केले आहे, असे मानले जाईल व त्यानुसार उमेदवारावर शासनाने जारी केलेल्या “परीक्षांमध्ये होणाऱ्या गैरप्रकारांना प्रतिबंध करण्याबाबतचे अधिनियम-82” यातील तरतुदीनुसार कारवाई करण्यात येईल व दोषी व्यक्ती कमाल एक वर्षाच्या कारावासाच्या आणि/किंवा रुपये एक हजार रकमेच्या दंडाच्या शिक्षेस पात्र होईल.
- (9) सदर प्रश्नपत्रिकेसाठी आयोगाने विहित केलेली वेळ संपल्यानंतर उमेदवाराला ही प्रश्नपुस्तिका स्वतःबरोबर परीक्षाकक्षाबाहेर घेऊन जाण्यास परवानगी आहे. मात्र परीक्षा कक्षाबाहेर जाण्यापूर्वी उमेदवाराने आपल्या उत्तरपत्रिकेचा भाग-1 समवेक्षकाकडे न विसरता परत करणे आवश्यक आहे.

### नमुना प्रश्न

Pick out the correct word to fill in the blank :

Q. No. 201. I congratulate you \_\_\_\_\_ your grand success.

- |         |           |
|---------|-----------|
| (1) for | (2) at    |
| (3) on  | (4) about |

ह्या प्रश्नाचे योग्य उत्तर “(3) on” असे आहे. त्यामुळे या प्रश्नाचे उत्तर “(3)” होईल. यास्तव खालीलप्रमाणे प्रश्न क्र. 201 समोरील उत्तर-क्रमांक “③” हे वर्तुळ पूर्णपणे छायांकित करून दाखविणे आवश्यक आहे.

प्र. क्र. 201. ① ② ● ④

अशा पद्धतीने प्रस्तुत प्रश्नपुस्तिकेतील प्रत्येक प्रश्नाचा तुमचा उत्तरक्रमांक हा तुम्हाला स्वतंत्ररीत्या पुरविलेल्या उत्तरपत्रिकेवरील त्या त्या प्रश्नक्रमांकासमोरील संबंधित वर्तुळ पूर्णपणे छायांकित करून दाखवावा. ह्याकरिता फक्त काळ्या शाईचे बॉलपेन वापरावे, पेन्सिल वा शाईचे पेन वापरू नये.

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